

A Quick Introduction...



Grew up in Devon, SW England

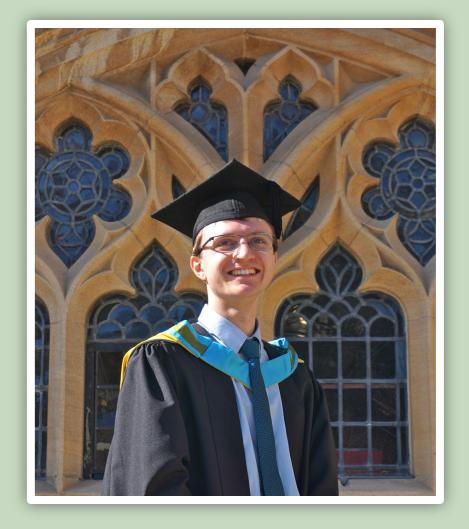


MEng Integrated Design
Engineering

1st Class Honours
University of Bath
(graduated 2021)



Mechanical Engineer
Crux Product Design, Bristol



Some Statistics...

78% of urban residents have experienced problems with nuisance animals

Only 36% said existing measures were effective or very effective



Nuisance Animals Survey

A short survey about garden wildlife and home animal deterrents

* Required

Welcome

Thank you for taking the time to complete this survey!

This survey has 4 parts and should take 10-15 minutes to complete. Most of the questi choice.

Before you begin, please read the following carefully and then indicate your consent to survey:

Eddin account in the int-

The Brief

Design a device or system, aimed at residents in urban areas, that is capable of reducing or eliminating the presence of unwanted animals in a garden, courtyard or other private outdoor space



Research Focus

The Problem

Information required to make the solution **work**, for example:

- Which animals to target
- Relevant animal behaviours
- The urban garden environment
- Legal and ethical issues

The Market

Information required to make the solution **profitable**, for example:

- Users' opinions towards particular animals
- User preferences and priorities
- Strengths and weaknesses of existing products

Key Innovations

Selectivity

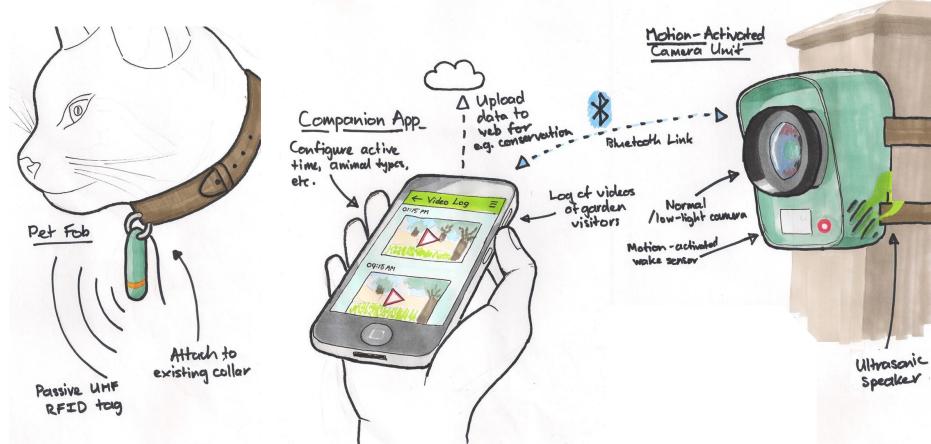
The ability to deter some animals and not others

Pet-friendliness

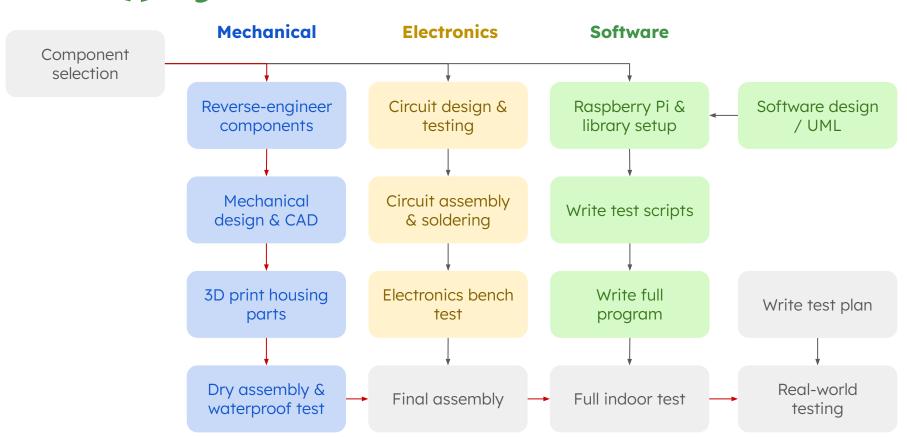
The ability to disable the deterrent when the user's pets are present



Design Concept



Prototyping Process



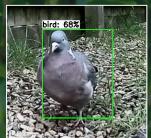
Prototype

Swappable 20,000mAh battery pack lasts around 30 hours per charge



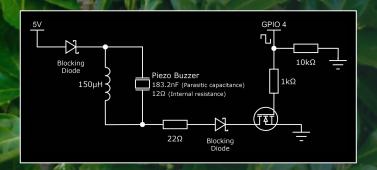
Waterproof housing 3D printed using a custom support structure TensorFlow object recognition with Python and Raspberry Pi 3B





Night-vision using

MOSFET-controlled IR LEDs and real-time image filtering



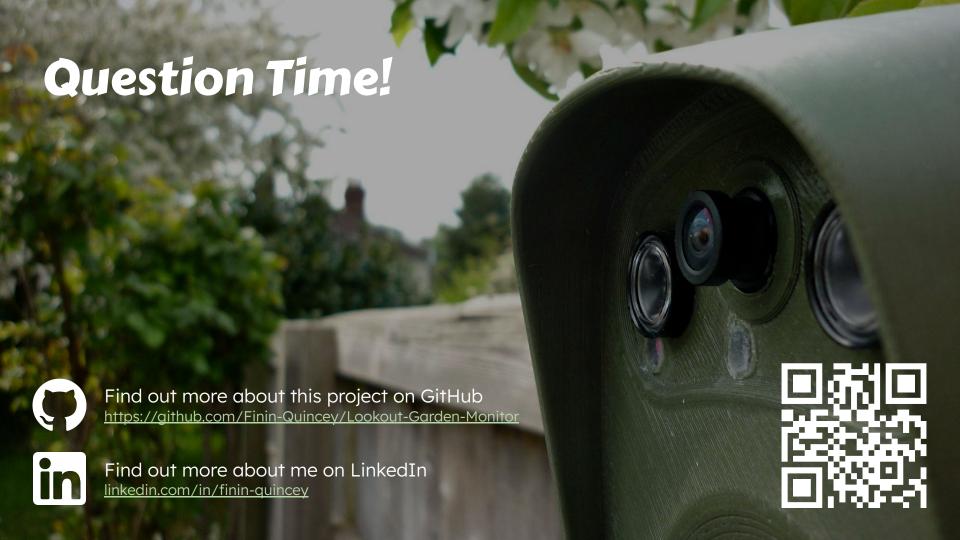
30kHz resonant piezo buzzer driver for increased volume



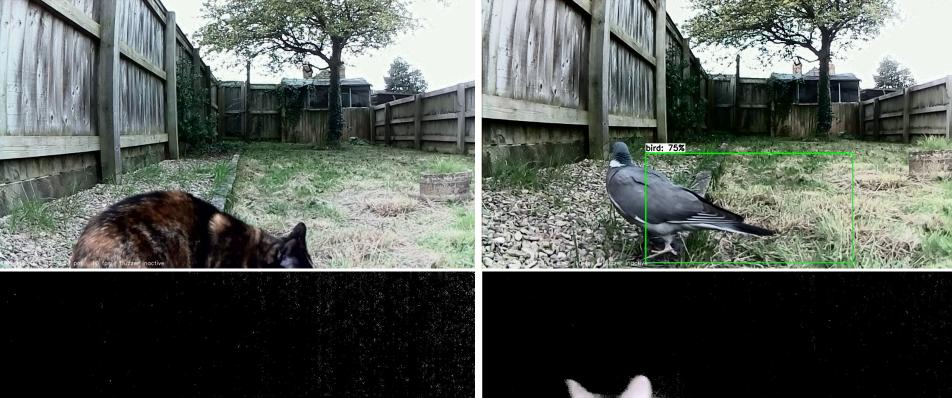
What Did I Learn?

- LC oscillator circuit design
- Limitations of MOSFETs
- Concurrent programming and thread-safety
- Design for additive manufacture (DfAM)
- How to be resourceful during a national lockdown!



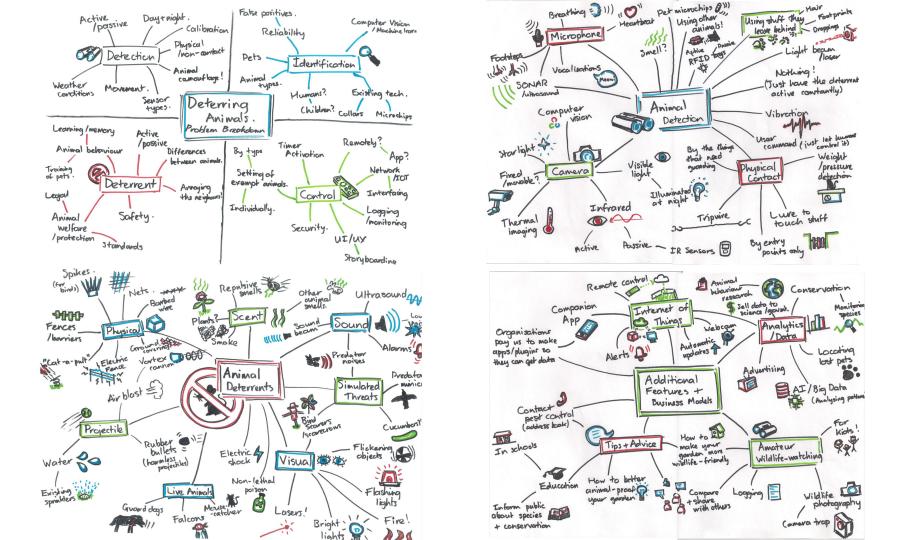


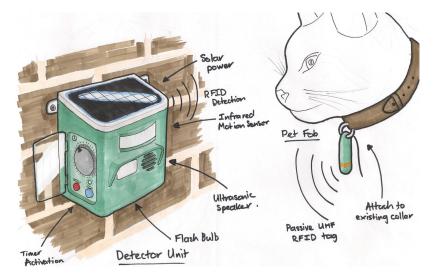
Appendix

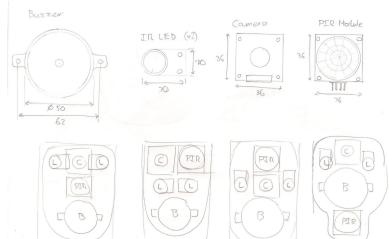




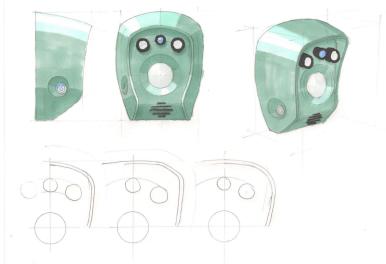


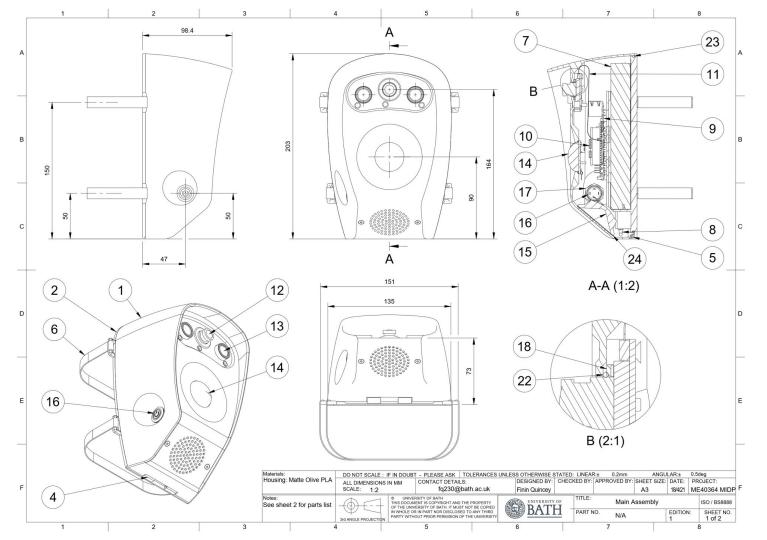


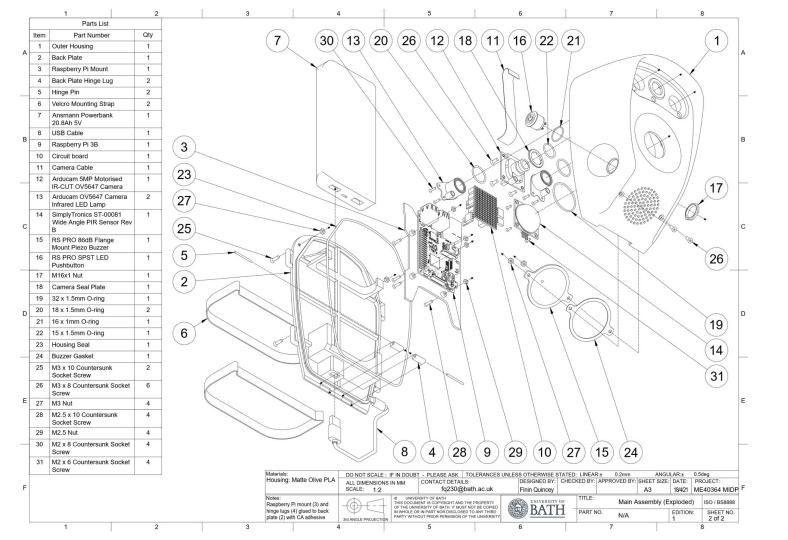


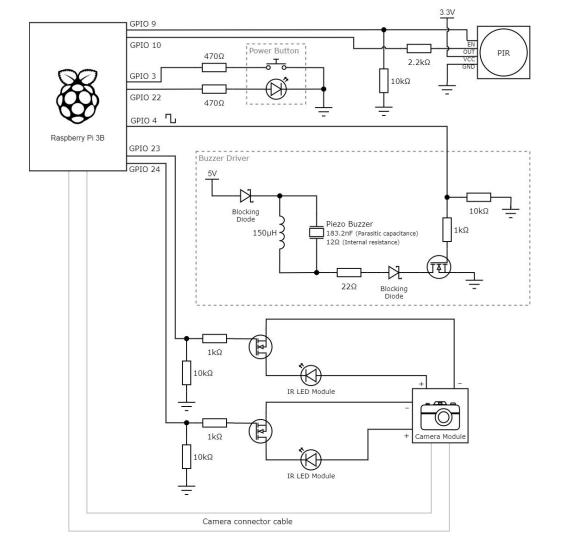


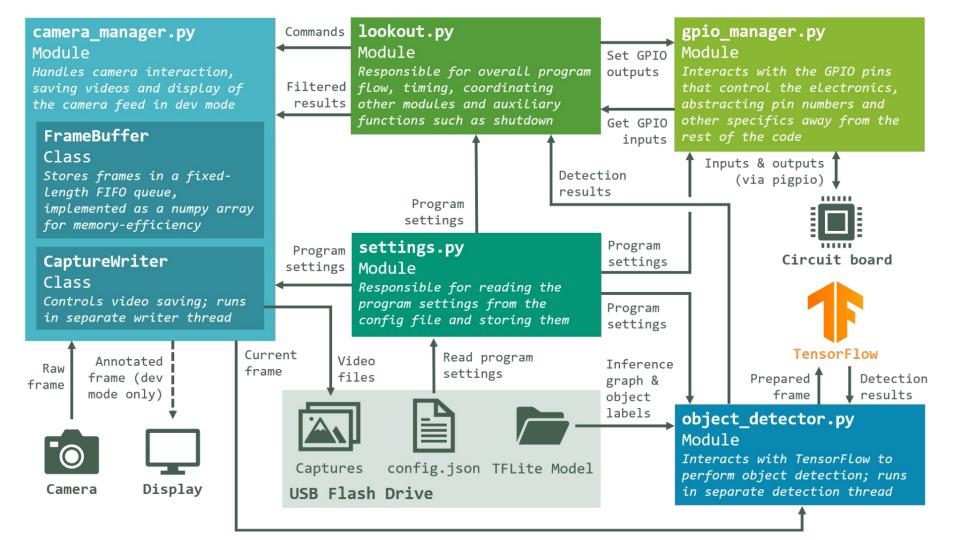


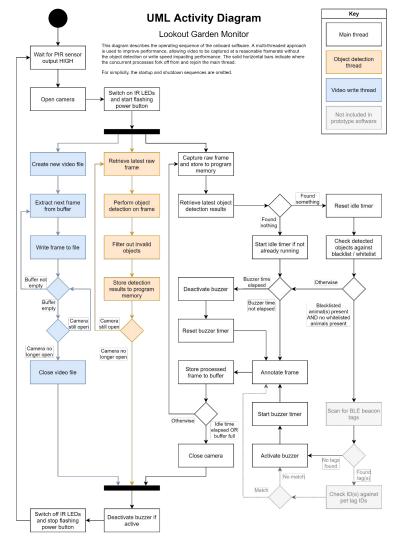


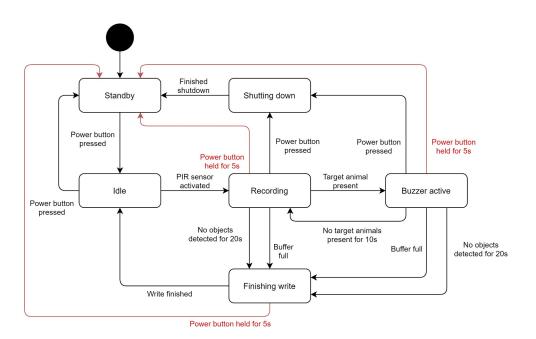


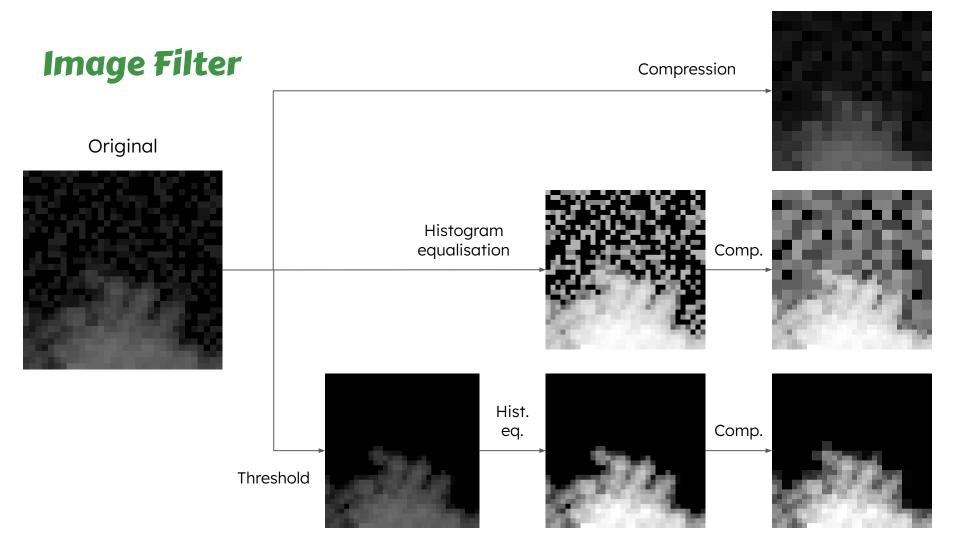


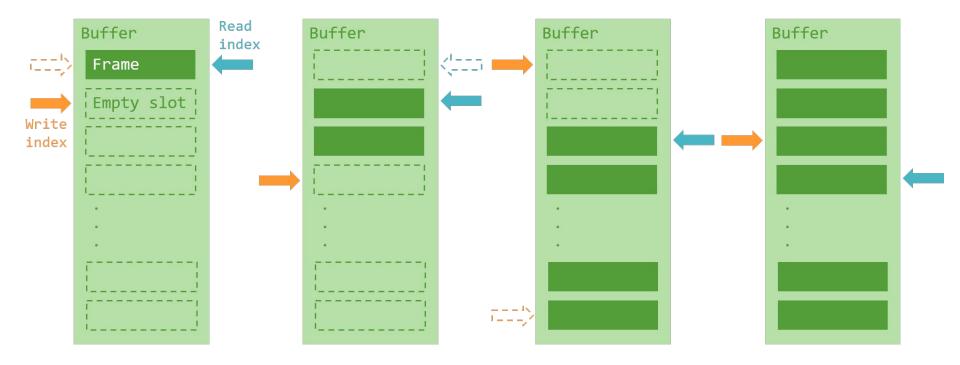












The buffer starts empty, with the write and read indices both at 0. The write index advances by 1 each time a frame is written. The buffer continues to fill up with frames. Each time a frame is read, that position is cleared and the read index advances by 1.

When either index reaches the end, it loops back round to index 0 at the start of the buffer.

Eventually, the write index reaches the position directly behind the read index, meaning the buffer is full.